

Staff Report

TO: Board of Directors

FROM: Chip Close, Water Operations Manager

- DATE: December 7, 2021
- SUBJECT: Plan for Water Workshop #2- Mountain System Overview Continued

OPERATIONS

RECOMMENDATION:

Open a workshop and continue a presentation detailing NID's Mountain System operations and facilities.

BACKGROUND:

NID is embarking on the Plan for Water (PFW) process which includes a comprehensive review of available water supply and the long-term impacts on varying water demands. Once complete, it is anticipated the PFW will consist of a suite of possible supply and demand management strategies to address a range of future conditions to ensure reliable water supplies.

The success of the PFW will be largely dependent on stakeholder involvement. As such, NID has interest in providing relevant details and information regarding current system operations. A better understanding of NID today will help better inform future discussion as we navigate the PFW process.

This is a continuation of the first workshop and includes details of NID's Mountain System operations and facilities. This is an open forum workshop, and public engagement is encouraged.

BUDGETARY IMPACT:

None at this time.

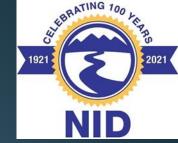
Attachments:

• PowerPoint – Mountain System Overview



NID PLAN FOR WATER WORKSHOP #2 MOUNTAIN DIVISION OVERVIEW

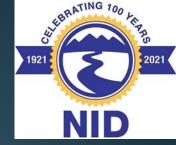
Plan For Water Workshop #2 Mountain Division Overview



This Will Be An Open Forum Workshop

- Feel free to ask questions as we go
- Zoom attendees; raise hand on zoom app, or press
 *9 on your phone
 - We will call on you to unmute and join the conversation

NID Lands Divided by Watershed Collection and Service Area



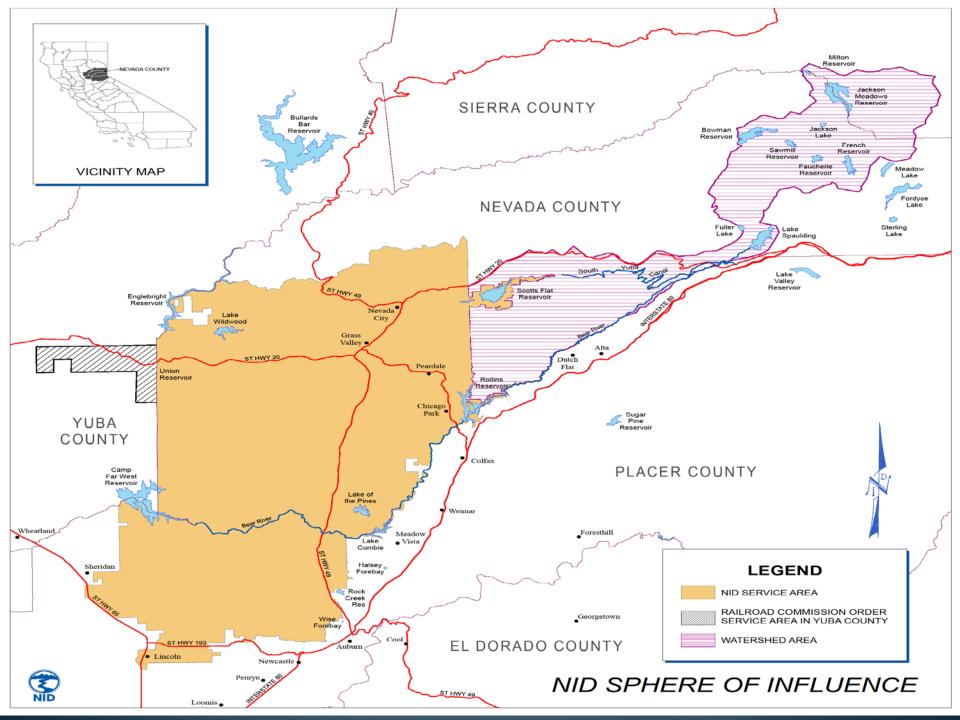
Watershed Area

- Generally known as NID's Mountain Division
- Operated and Maintained by NID's Hydroelectric Division

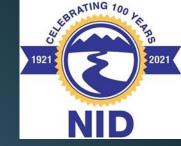
Service Area

- Lands where NID provides water delivery for consumptive uses
- Operated and Maintained by NID's Water Division





Two Halves of NID



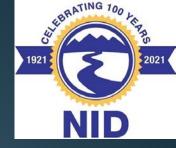
Watershed Lands

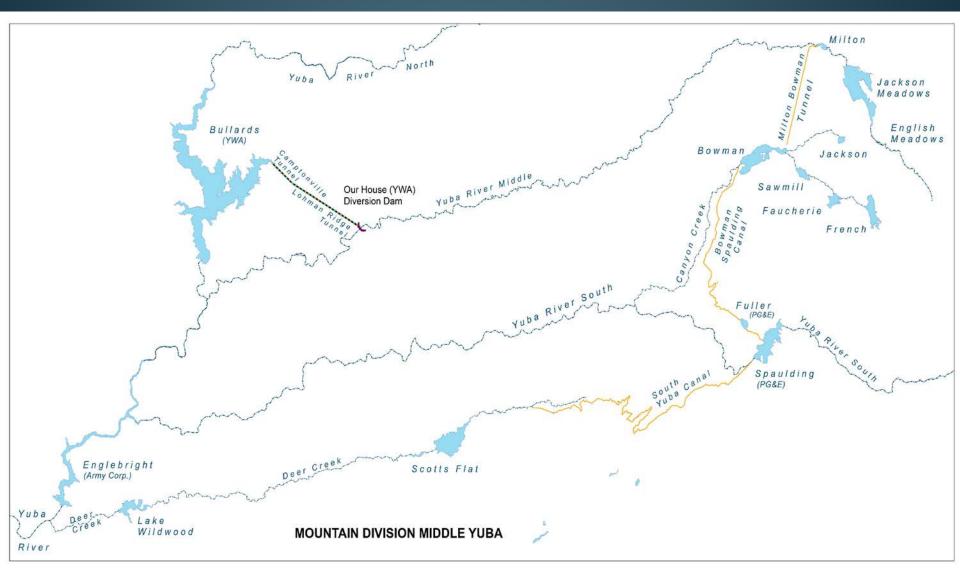
- 70k acres
- Lands Purchased With Water Rights
- Area of interest in NID SOI
- 9 Storage Res
- 270,089 Acre Feet Total Volume
- 24.4 Miles of Canal, Flume and Tunnel
- 7 Powerhouses
 - 82.2 Megawatts Max Cap.
- 19 Campgrounds and Dispersed Camping
- Roughly 300,000 Annual Visitors

<u>Service Area</u>

- 287,000 Acres of Land
- Lands Included in Water Rights Service Area for Consumptive Use
- 500 Miles of Canal
- 6500 Raw Water Customers
- 6 Water Treatment Plants
- 400 Miles Treated Water Pipes
- 19,600 Treated Water Customers
- Utilize Roughly 150,000 Acre Feet a Year

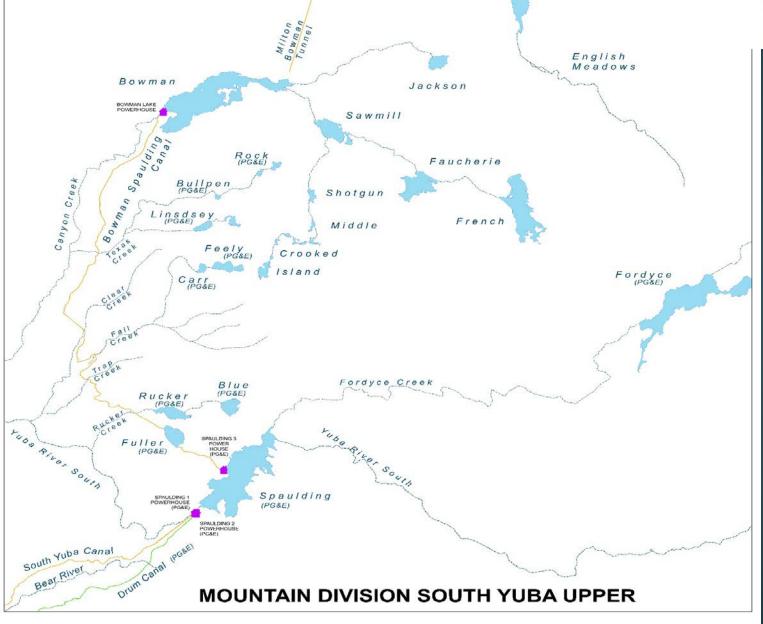
MIDDLE YUBA RIVER SYSTEM



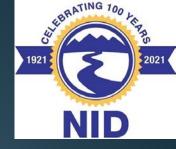


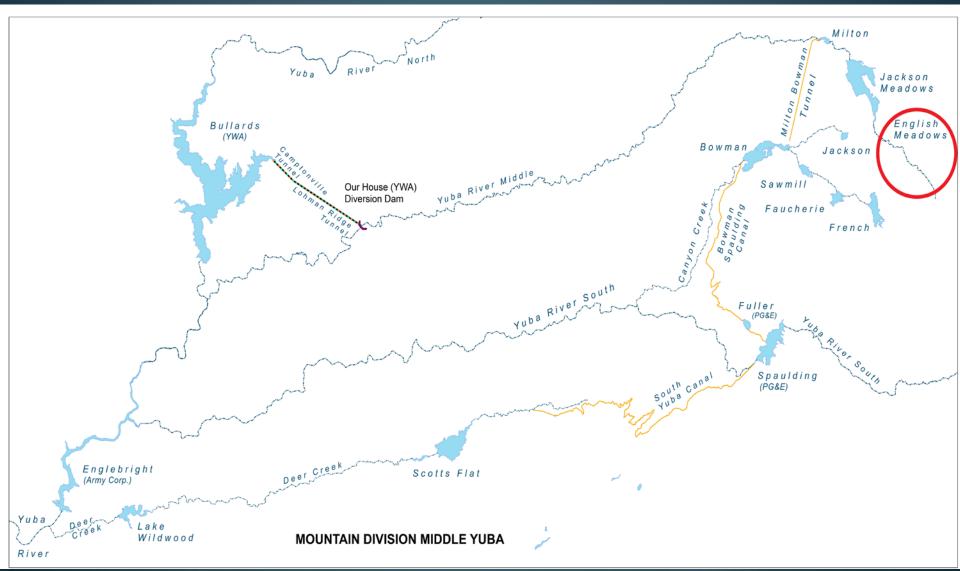
SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM





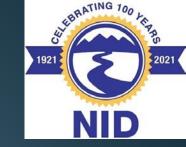
MIDDLE YUBA RIVER SYSTEM





English Meadows

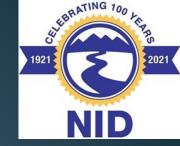
- Head Waters of Middle Yuba River
- Home to English Reservoir in 1857
 - Constructed to Support Hydraulic Mining
 - Dam was Ruptured in 1883





English Meadows

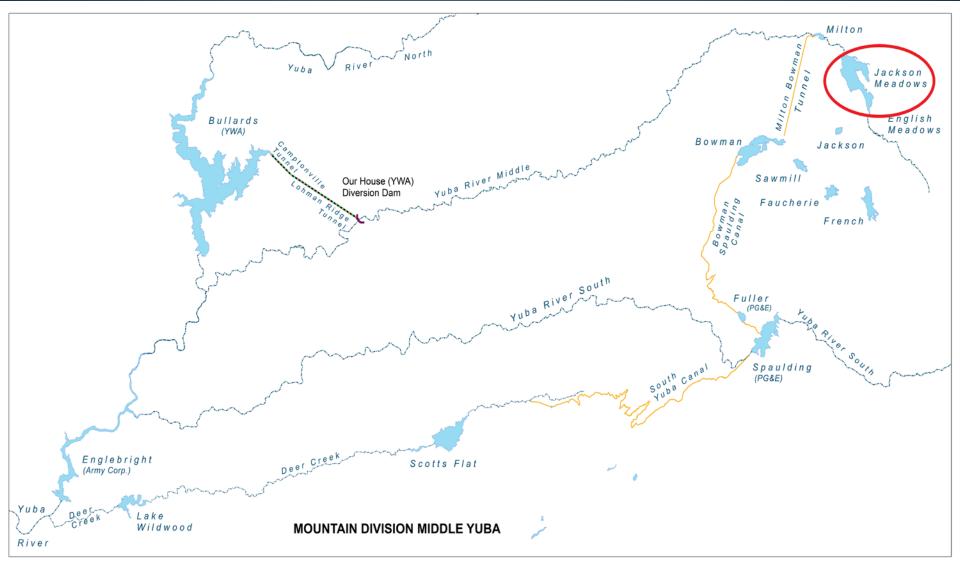
- NID Purchased the Land and the Water Rights During its Formation in the Early 1900's
 - NID Continues to Maintain and Improve the Meadow for Water Supply and Environmental Benefit





MIDDLE YUBA RIVER SYSTEM

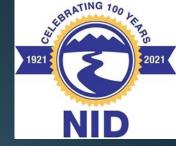




Jackson Meadows Reservoir

Jackson Meadows Reservoir

- Instream Reservoir on Middle Yuba River
- Constructed in 1964-65
- Earth Rock fill Dam
- Capacity = 69,205 Acre Feet
- Normal Max Elevation 6,036 feet
 - Typical Low Level = 30-35,000 Acre Feet
 - Minimum Pool of 21,000 ac-ft During Summer Months and 3,000-10,000 ac-ft Fall-Spring Depending on Water Year Type
- Water Rights Storage rights for consumptive and nonconsumptive uses
- Environmental Flow Requirements to Middle Yuba
 - Current Requirement = 5 CFS
 - Post FERC License Renewal = 11 120 CFS Depending on Month and Water Year Type
- No Power Generation Onsite
- Includes Multiple Campgrounds, Day Use and Boating:
 - Silvertip, Aspen, East Meadows, Pass Creek, Pass Creek Overflow, Jackson Point Boat-in, Findley, Fir Top and Woodcamp
 - Supports Roughly 30,000 Visitors Annually



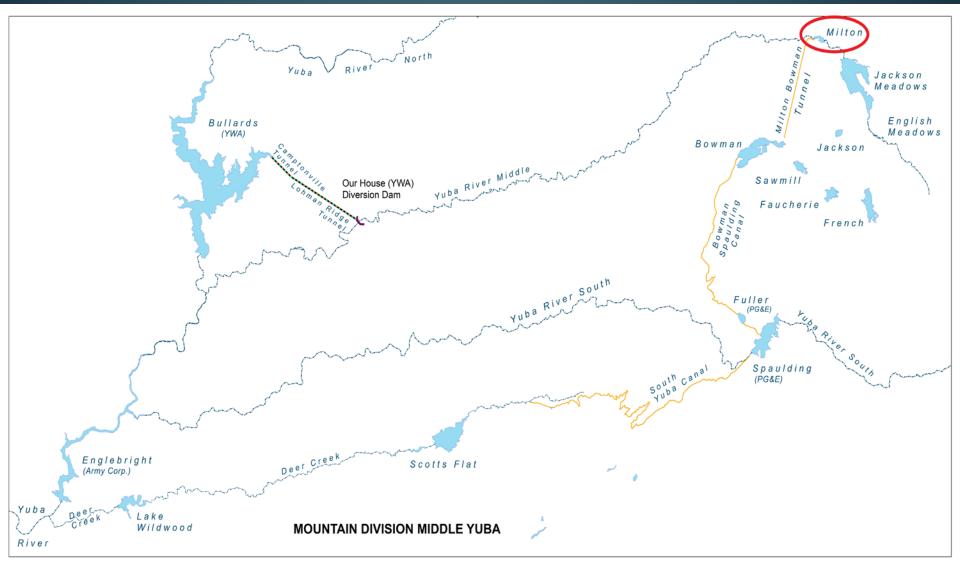
Low Level Outlet To Middle Yuba River

JACKSON MEADOWS DAM

Height: 195 feet Crest Elevation: 6,044.5 ft. Spillway Type: Radial Gates

MIDDLE YUBA RIVER SYSTEM





Milton Diversion

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Milton Diversion



- Instream Diversion in Middle Yuba River
- Constructed to Build Head and Push Water into Milton Bowman Conduit
- Constructed in 1926
- Concrete Diversion
- Capacity of 295 Acre Feet
 - Not Considered a Storage Facility
- Normal Max Elevation 5,690 ft.
- Environmental Flow Requirements to Middle Yuba
 - Current Requirement = 3 CFS
 - Post FERC License Renewal = 4-70 CFS Depending on Month and Water Year Type
- Known for Trophy Trout Fishing (Catch and Release)
- Supports Dispersed Camping and Fishing

MILTON DIVERSION DAM

Dam Height: 37 feet Crest Elevation: 5,690.0 ft Spillway: Ungated

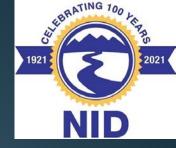
Fish Release

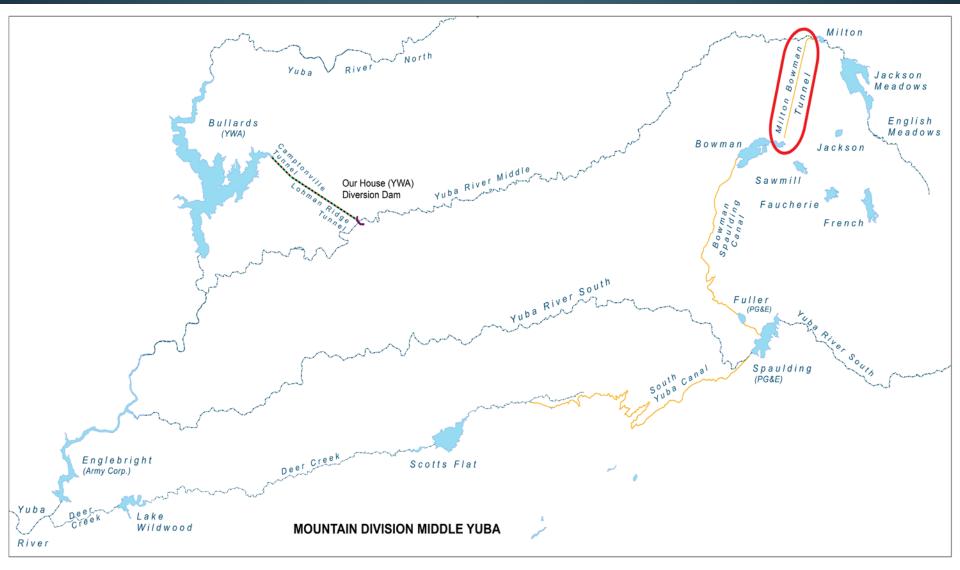
Middle Yuba River

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MILTON DIVERSION IMPOUNDMENT

MIDDLE YUBA RIVER SYSTEM





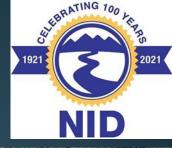
MILTON-BOWMAN CONDUIT PIPE INTAKE

Milton Bowman Conduit



- Transfers Water From Milton to Bowman Reservoir
- Middle Yuba Watershed to Canyon Creek Watershed in the South Yuba Watershed
- Constructed 1926 Pipeline Portion Rebuilt in 1965
- 3,315 ft of Pipeline and 22,623 ft Tunnel
- 450 cfs Maximum Capacity
- Normal Summer Flows 150 190 CFS

Milton Bowman Conduit



Milton-Bowman Conduit

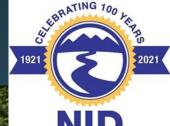
Milton-Bowman Tunnel

> Inflow from Wilson Creek Diversion

WILSON CREEK DIVERSION

A.

Wilson Creek Gage Station



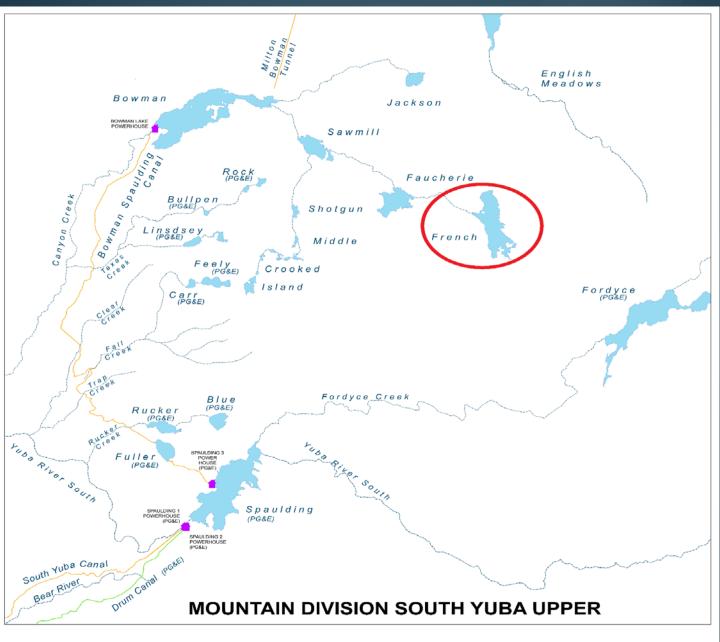


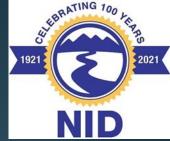


- Tributary in the Middle Yuba Watershed
- NID Water Rights Allow Capture of 1,580 Acre Feet into Milton Bowman Pipeline
- Environmental Flows to Wilson Creek
 - Current Requirements = None
 - Post FERC License Renewal = 0.25 CFS or natural flow, whichever is less

MILTON-BOWMAN TUNNEL OUTLET

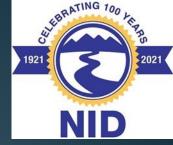
SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM





FRENCH RESERVOIR

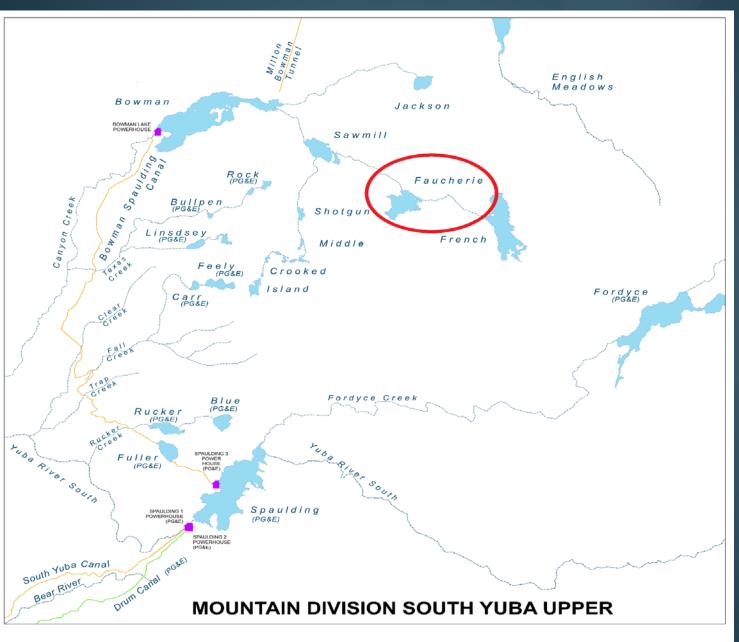
French Reservoir



- Instream Canyon Creek Reservoir
- Part South Yuba Watershed
- Constructed in 1859 Raised in1948
- Concrete Faced Rock fill
- Maximum Normal Elevation 6,660 feet
- Capacity = 13,940 Acre Feet
- Typical Low Level 7,000 Acre Feet
- Pre-1914 Water Rights Allow for Storage of 13,940 Acre Feet
- Environmental Flows to Canyon Creek
 - Current Requirements = 2.5 CFS
 - Post FERC License Renewal = 5-18 CFS Depending on Month and Water Year Type
- No Power Generation
- Supports Walk In Dispersed Camping



SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM

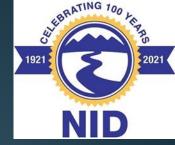


1921

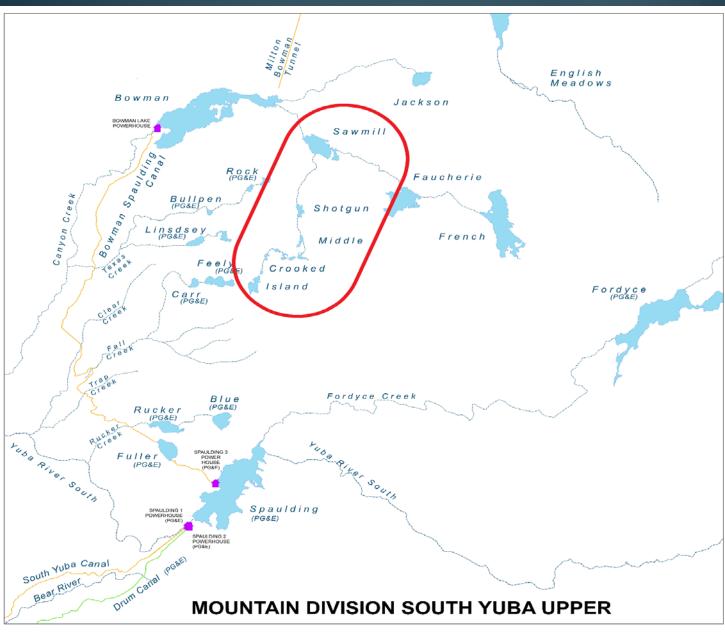
Faucherie Reservoir

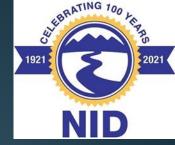
Faucherie Reservoir

- Instream Canyon Creek Reservoir
- Part of South Yuba Watershed
- Constructed in1872 Reconstructed 1964-65
- Earth Core, Rock fill
- Maximum Normal Elevation 6,123 feet
- Capacity = 3,980 Acre Feet
- Typical Low Level = 2,200 Acre Feet
- Pre 1914 Water Rights Allow for Storage of 2,600 Acre Feet
- Environmental Flow Release to Canyon Creek
 - Current Requirements = 2.5 CFS
 - Post FERC Requirements = 5 18 CFS Depending on Month and Water Year Type
- No Power Generation
- Camping, Day Use and Boating Roughly 7,000 Visitors Annually



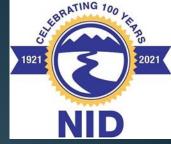
SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM





Sawmill Reservoir

Sawmill Reservoir

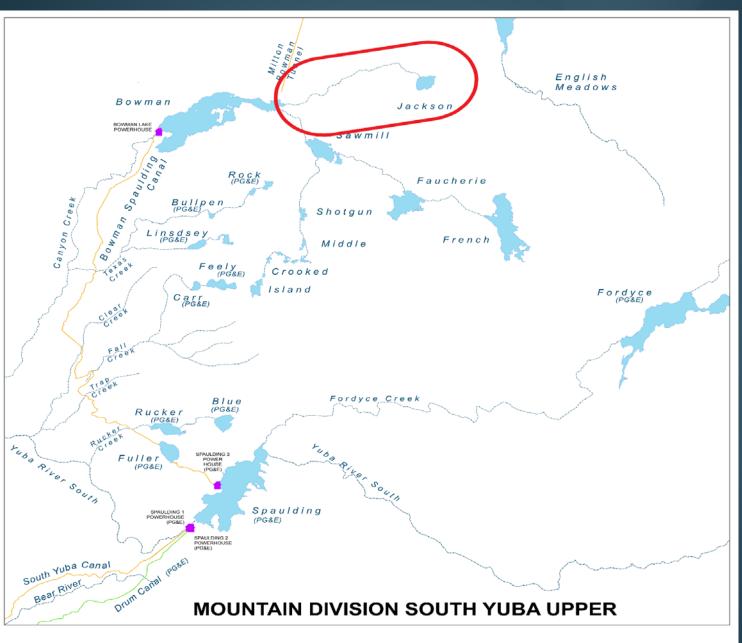


- Instream Canyon Creek Reservoir
- Part of South Yuba Watershed
- Constructed in 1910
- Stacked Rock Dam
- Maximum Normal Elevation 5,860 feet
- Capacity = 3,030 Acre Feet
- Typical Low Level = 1,600 Acre Feet
- Pre 1914 Water Rights for Storage of 2,760 Acre Feet
- Environmental Flow to Canyon Creek
 - Current Requirement = 2.5 CFS
 - Post FERC License Renewal = 5 18 CFS Depending on Month and Water Year Type
- No Power Generation
- Dispersed Camping Approximately 5,000 Visitors Annually

SAWMILL DAM

Dam Height: 60 ft Crest Elevation: 5,865.0 ft Spillway Type: Ungated

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1921 NID

Jackson Reservoir





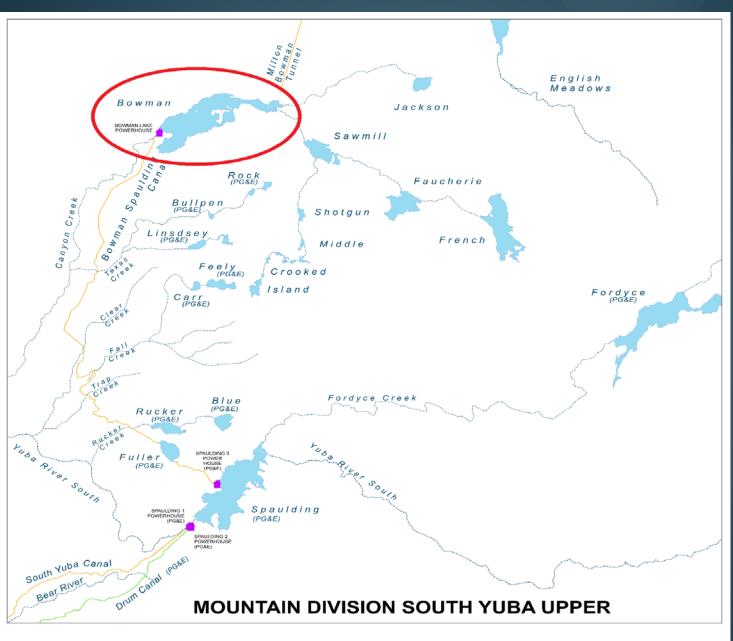
Jackson Reservoir



- Instream Reservoir @ Head of Jackson Creek
- Part of Jackson Creek & South Yuba Watershed
- Constructed in 1941-42
- Earthen Dam
- Max Elevation 6,592 ft.
- Capacity = 1,330 Acre Feet
- Typical Low Level = 900 Acre Feet
- Pre 1914 Water Rights to Store 1,330 Acre Feet
- Environmental Flow Release to Jackson Creek
 - Current Requirement = 0.75 CFS
 - Post FERC License Renewal = 0.5 3 CFS Depending on Month and Water Year Type
 - No Power Generation

JACKSON RESERVOIR AND DAM

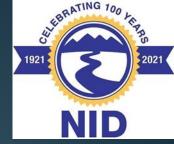
Dam Height: 28 ft Crest Elevation: 6,596.0 ft Spillway Type: Ungated Constructed: 1941-42



1921 NID

BOWMAN RESERVOIR

Bowman Reservoir



- Instream Canyon Creek Reservoir
- Part of South Yuba Watershed
- Constructed in 1869 Reconstructed 1926-27
- Earthen & Concrete Dam
- Maximum Elevation 5,562 ft.
- Capacity = 68,510 Acre Feet
- Typical Low Level = 35 to 40,000 Acre Feet
- Pre 1914 Water Rights to Store 21,350 Acre Feet
- Supports Dispersed Camping and Boating
- Supplies Water & Head for Bowman Power House

BOWMAN NORTH DAM

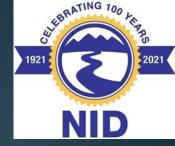
Height: 175 ft Crest Elevation: 5,567.0 ft

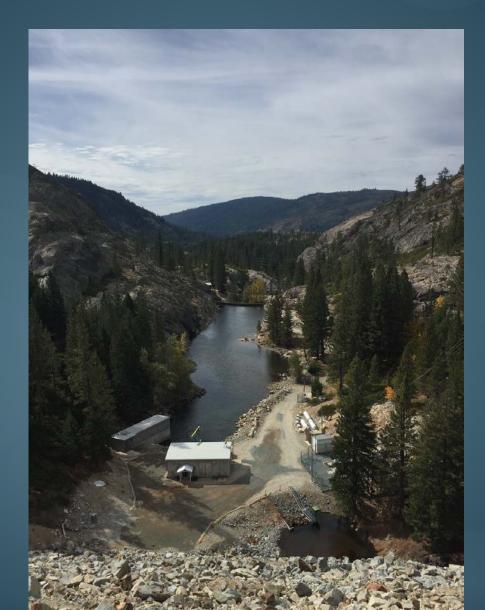
BOWMAN SOUTH ARCH DAM Height: 135 ft Crest Elevation: 5,563.6 ft

<u>Canyon</u> <u>Creek</u>

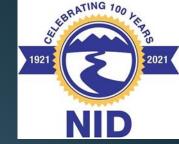
AgeAc

Bowman Powerhouse

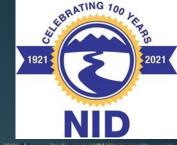




Bowman Powerhouse



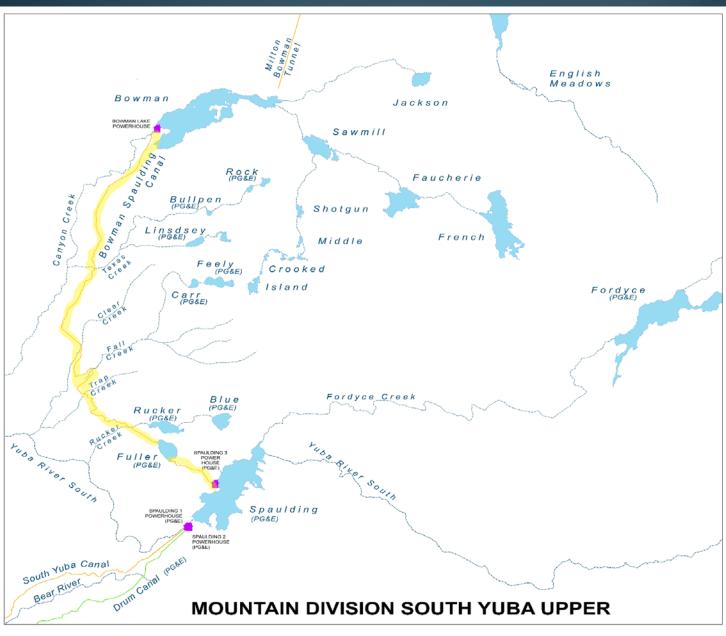
- Instream Canyon Creek Powerhouse
- Within the South Yuba Watershed
- Constructed in 1985-86
- Rated at 3.6 MW
- Power Generated Via Consumptive & Environmental Demand Flows From Bowman
- PPA with PG&E Through June 2033
 - Paid Based on Availability Not Total Generaton

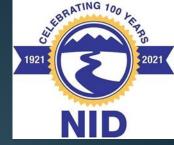


BOWMAN MAIN DAM Low Level Outlet

BOWMAN POWERHOUSE

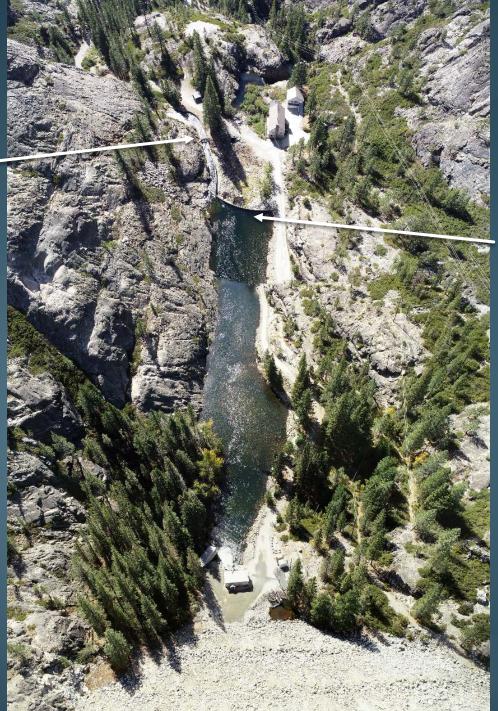
Nameplate capacity: 3.6 MW Rated head: 135 ft Rated flow: 313 cfs Turbine type: Horizontal Francis Constructed 1985-86

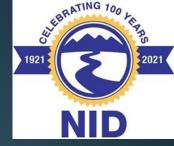




BOWMAN-SPAULDING CANAL

Bowman-Spaulding · Conduit

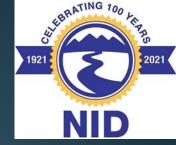




Bowman-Spaulding Conduit Diversion

Bowman North Dam

Bowman Spaulding Canal



- Transfers Water From Bowman & Canyon Creek to Lake Spaulding
- Located Within the South Yuba Watershed
- Constructed 1926 Capacity Expanded 1964-65
- 7.7 Miles of Canal and Flume & 3.1 Miles of Tunnel
- 300-325 CFS Maximum Capacity Depending on Location
- Typical Summer Flow 280 290 CFS
- Contains 5 Tributaries Along Route to Lake Spaulding
- Environmental Flow Release to Canyon Creek Below Diversion Dam
 - Current Requirement = 2-3 CFS
 - Post FERC License Renewal = 4-60 CFS Depending on Month and Water Year Type

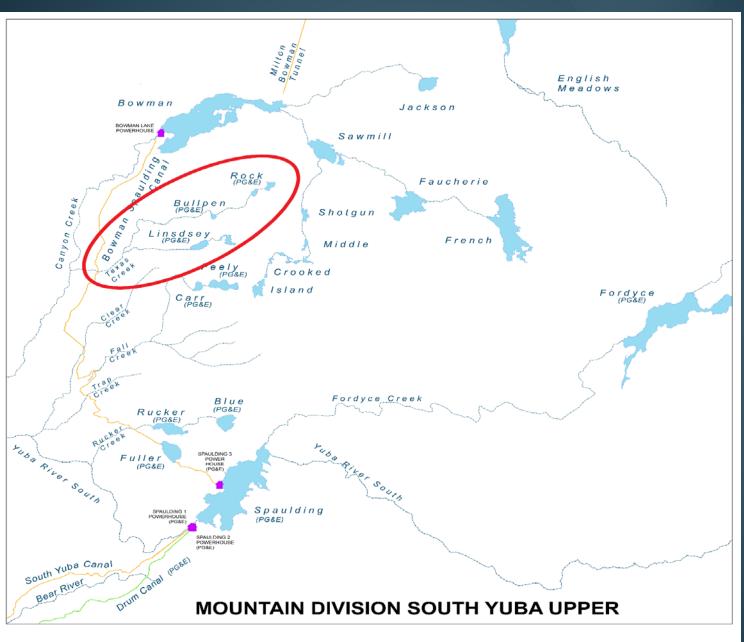
Regulating Gate to the Bowman Spaulding Canal



BOWMAN-SPAULDING CONDUIT

DIVERSION DAM

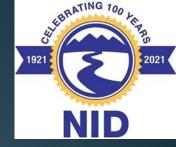
Height: 21 ft Crest Elevation: 5,400.0 ft



1921 NID

Texas Creek Diversion





- Includes NID & PG&E water Rights
- PG&E's Rock Bullpen and Lindsey Lakes at Head
- Instream Flows Past BS Canal
 - Current Flow = 0 CFS
 - Post FERC Relicense Flow
 = 0.6-3 CFS depending on month and water year type

TEXAS CREEK DIVERSION DAM Height: 10 ft. Crest Elevation: 5,385.75 ft. Spillway: Ungated

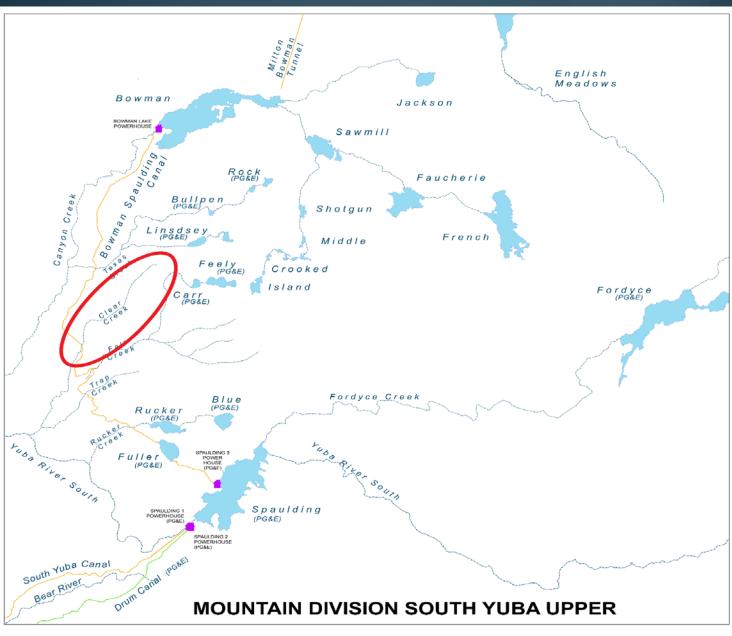
AS COST

BOWMAN-SPAULDING CONDUIT

SUFERATING 700 LEPAS

1921

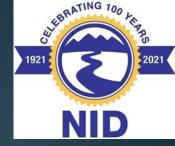
2021



Clear Creek Diversion

Instream Flows Past BS Canal

- Current Requirement = 0 CFS
- Post FERC License Renewal = 1-6 CFS





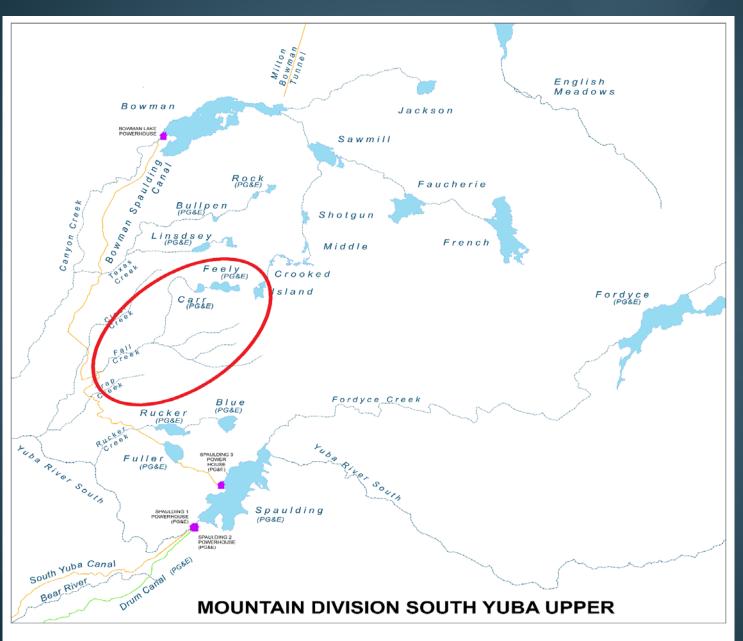
CLEAR CREEK DIVERSION DAM Height: 5 ft. Crest Elevation: 5,375 ft

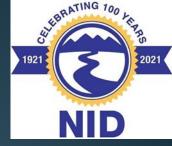
BOWMAN. SPAULDING CONDUIT

Type: Concrete

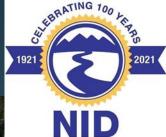
CLEAR CREEK

OVERFLOW





Fall Creek Diversion

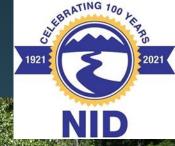




- Includes NID & PG&E water rights
- PG&E's Carr and Feeley Lake at Head
- Instream Flows Past BS Canal
 - Current Flow Requirement = 0 CFS
 - Post FERC License Renewal = 2-30 CFS or Natural Flow Which Ever is Less

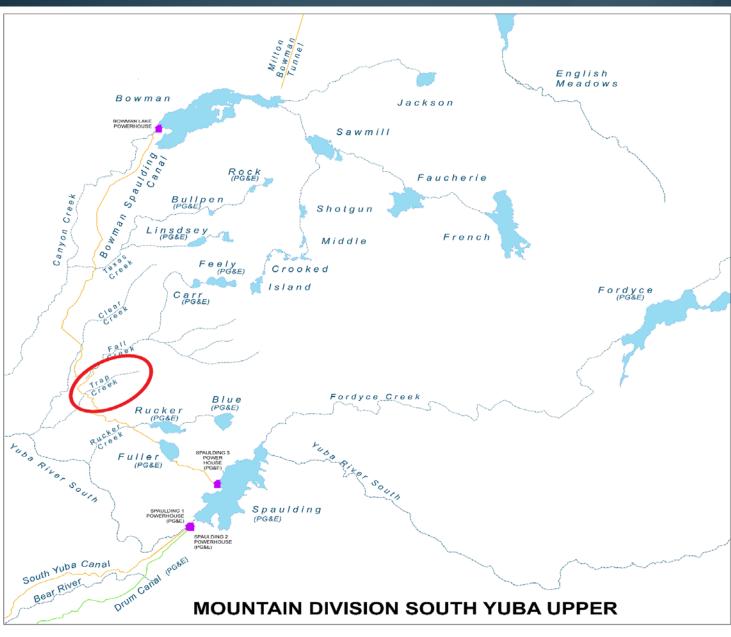
FALL CREEK DIVERSION DAMHeight: 5.5 ft.Crest Elevation:5,368.68 ft.5,368.68 ft.

FALL CREEK



BOWMAN-SPAULDING CONDUIT

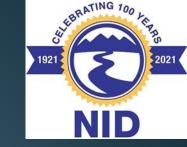
FALL CREEK DIVERSION FLUME



1921 NID

Trap Creek Diversion

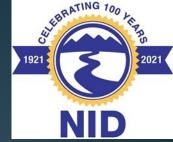


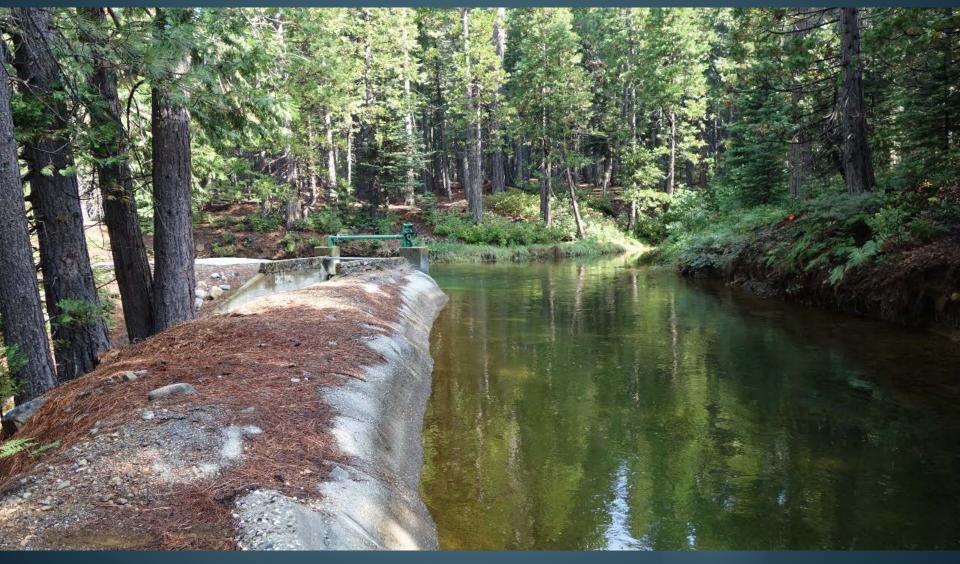


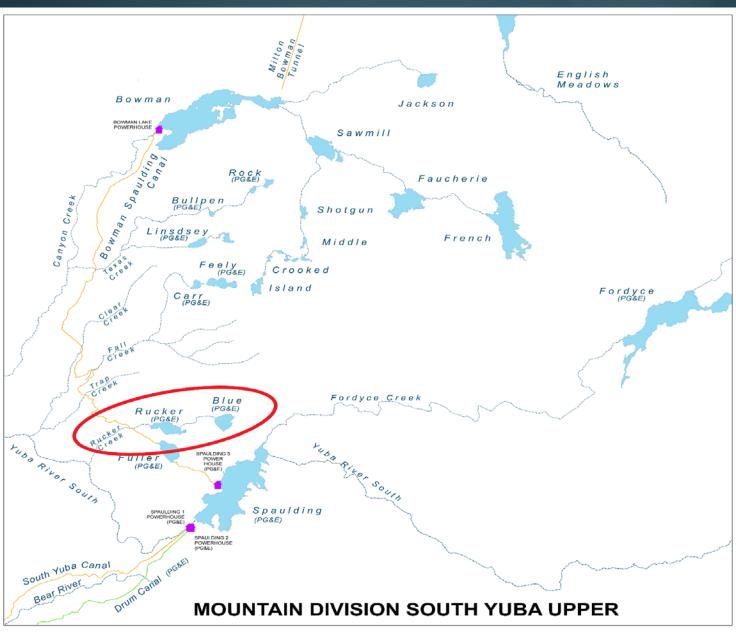
Instream Flow Requirement Past BS Canal

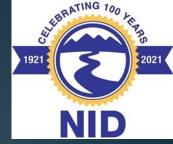
- Current Flow Requirement = 0 CFS
- Post FERC License Renewal = 0.25-3 CFS Depending on Month and Water Year Type

TRAP CREEK DIVERSION DAM Height: 4 ft Crest Elevation: 5,360 ft

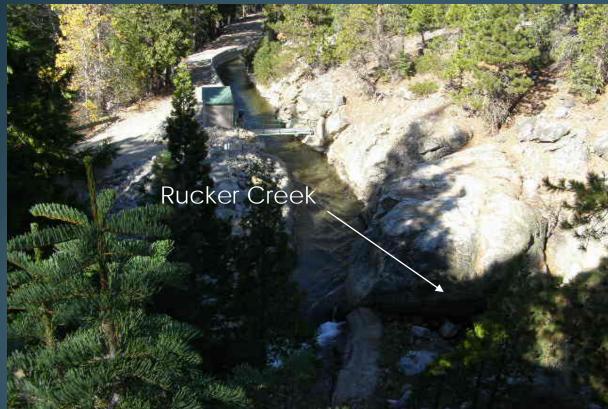


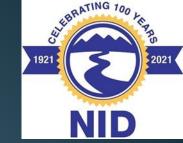






Rucker Creek Diversion

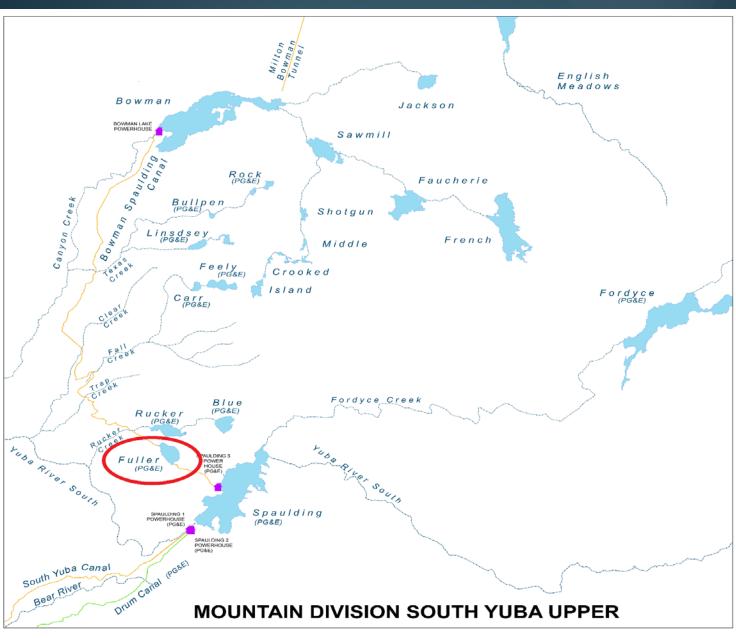


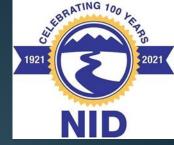


- Includes NID & PG&E water rights
- PG&E's Rucker and Blue Lake Provide Supply
- Instream Flow Past BS Canal
 - Current Requirement = 0 CFS
 - Post FERC License Renewal = 0.3-3 CFS Depending on Month and Water Year Type

RUCKER CREEK DIVERSION DAM Height: 3 ft Crest Elevation: 5,350 ft

BOWMAN-SPAULDING CONDUIT

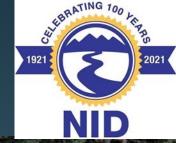




FULLER LAKE (PG&E)

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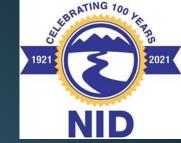
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NID BOWMAN-SPAULDING CONDUIT

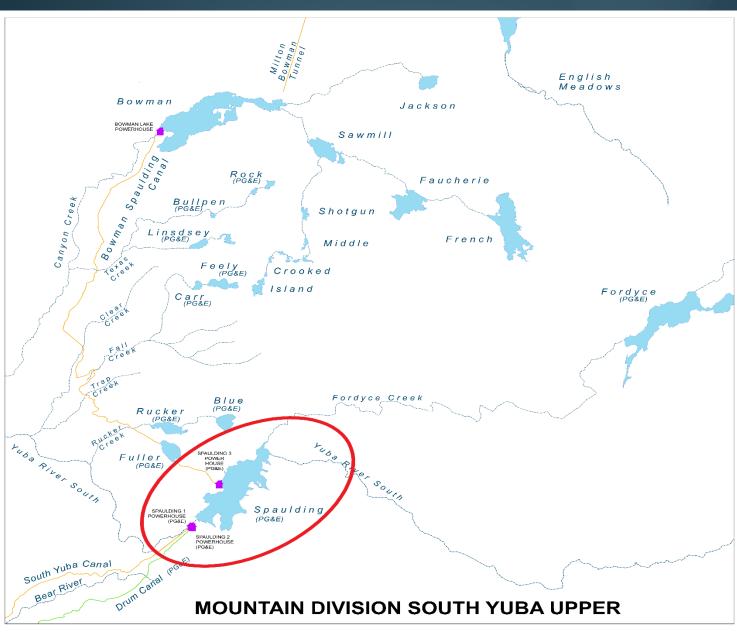
Fuller Reservoir (PG&E)

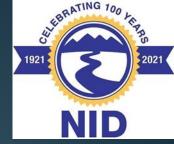




- PG&E Reservoir on BS Canal
- Passes NID Water to Lake Spaulding
- Capacity = 1,150 Acre Feet
- NID is Responsible for Diversion into Bowman-Spaulding Canal

SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM





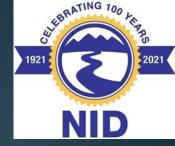
Lake Spaulding (PG&E)

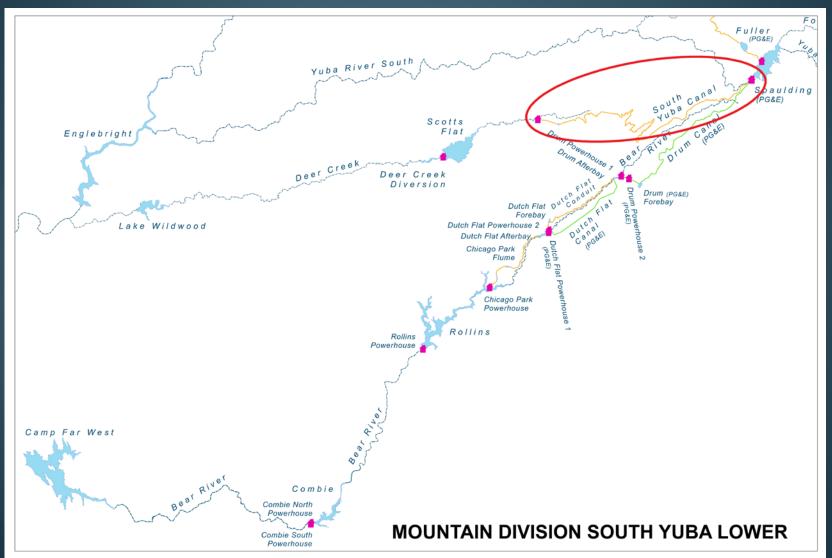
Lake Spaulding (PG&E)

1921 ALLERATING 700 LAREN 2021

- Instream Reservoir on South Yuba River
- Owned & Operated by PG&E
- Concrete Dam
- Maximum Capacity of 74,773 Acre Feet
- Typical Low Elevation 20,000 Acre Feet in Winter
- Includes 3 Powerhouses; Spaulding 1,2,3
- Passes NID Water Though PG& E Powerhouses
 - Done Through the Coordinated Operating Agreement
 - Includes Weekly Coordination Calls
- Starting Point for PG&E's South Yuba and Drum Canals

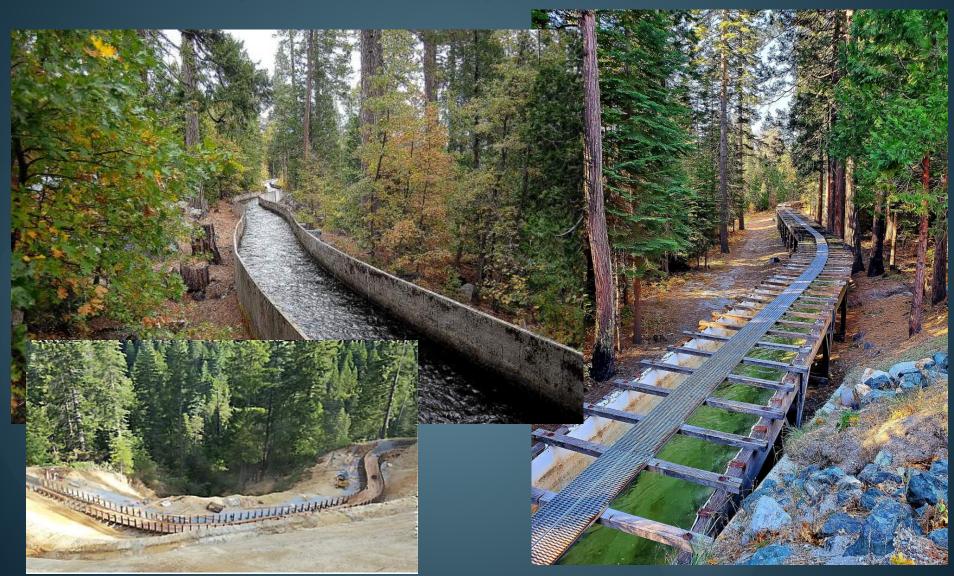
SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM (LOWER)

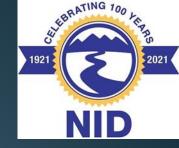




South Yuba and Chalk Bluff Canals (PG&E/NID)



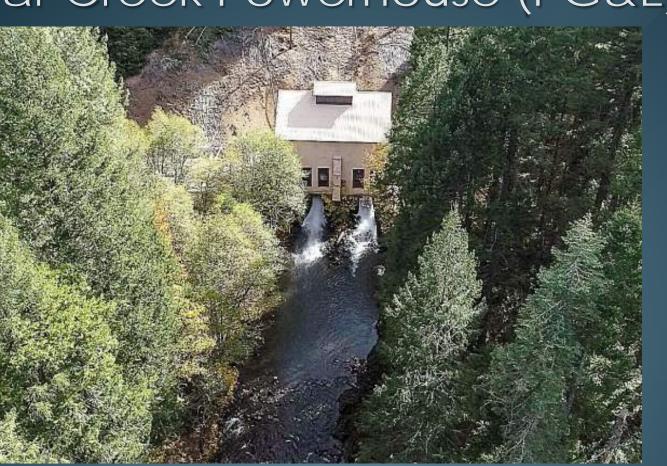


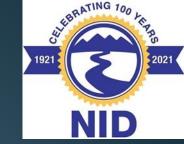


South Yuba and Chalk Bluff Canals (PG&E)

- Transfers NID Water from Lake Spaulding to Deer Creek (Above Scotts Flat)
- Currently Owned and Operated by PG&E
 - NID and PG&E Have Agreed on a Purchase Sale Agreement
 - Waiting on FERC Approval
- Hydraulic Design Capacity of 107 cfs, Actual Capacity of Approximately 85 cfs
- NID portion of South Yuba Canal
 - 13.98 miles (8.66 miles of open ditch, 4.61 miles of flume, and 0.71 miles of tunnel)
- Chalk Bluff Canal
 - 3.24 miles (2.99 miles of open ditch, 0.20 miles of flume, and 0.05 miles of pipe)
- Terminus of the Canal is the Deer Creek Powerhouse

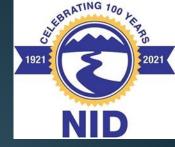
Dear Creek Powerhouse (PG&E)

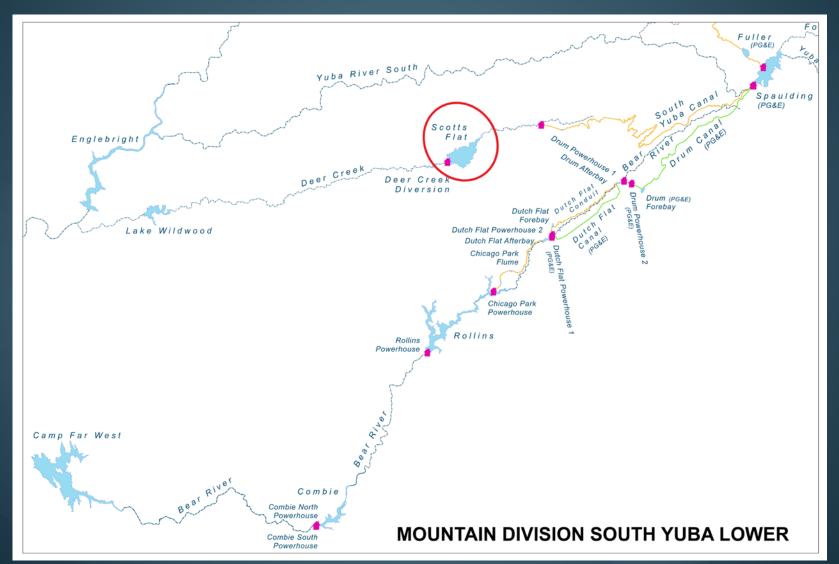




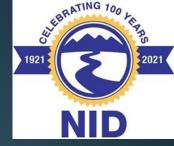
- Currently a PG&E Asset
 - Will Become NID's Upon Transfer of SYC
- Constructed in 1906
- Capacity = 6.9 MW

SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM (LOWER)



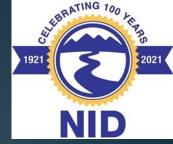


Scotts Flat Reservoir



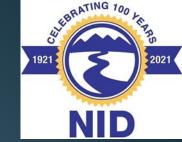


Scotts Flat Reservoir



- Instream Reservoir on Deer Creek
- Constructed By 1948 Raised in 1962-63
- Earthen Dam
- Maximum Capacity of 48,547 Acre Feet
- Typical Low Level = 33,000 Acre Feet
- Storage Water Rights include Consumptive and Non-Consumptive Uses
- Two Campgrounds and Day-Use 110,000 Annual Visitors
 - Three Boat Launches (one in Cascade Shores)
- Water Storage Supply for a Majority of Nevada County Canals
- Is the Forebay for Scotts Flat Powerhouse

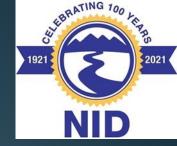
Scotts Flat Powerhouse

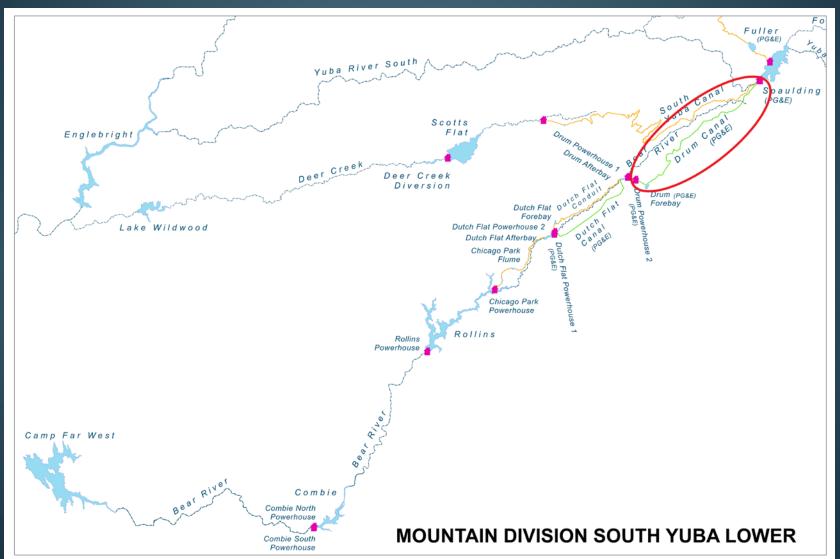


Constructed in 1984 Capaticy of 850 kW



SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM (LOWER)





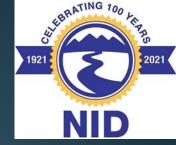
Drum Canal & Powerhouse (PG&E)

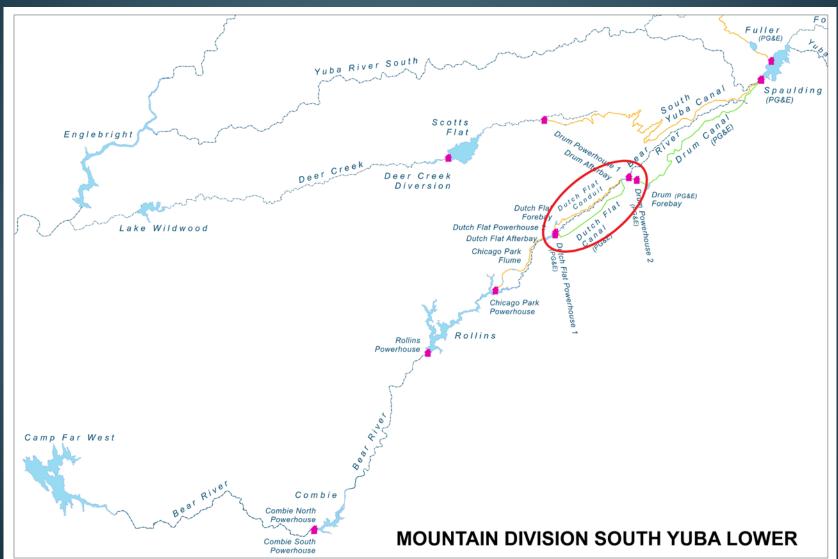
1921



- Drum Canal Transfers Spaulding Water (Yuba System) Through Drum Powerhouse and Into Bear River
- Discharge Flows into in River Afterbay
 - Afterbay Provides Head for the Dutch Flat 1 & 2 Canals

SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM (LOWER)





DUTCH FLAT NO. 2 CONDUIT

Length: 4.7 mi Capacity: 610 cfs Constructed: 1964-65



Drum Afterbay



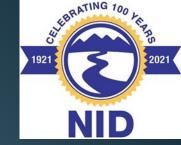
DUTCH FLAT FOREBAY

Storage: 185 ac-ft Normal Max Water Surface El.: 3,336.0 ft Constructed: 1964-65



DUTCH FLAT No. 2 POWERHOUSE

Rated head: 581 ft Rated flow: 600 cfs Turbine type: Vertical Francis Nameplate Capacity: 24.57 MW



Dutch Flat #2 Powerhouse

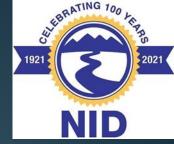
- Off Steam Bear River Powerhouse
- Constructed in 1964-65
- Rated at 24.57 MW
- Power Generated Via Consumptive & Run of River Flows
- PPA with PG&E Through June 2033
- Discharges to Dutch Flat Afterbay

DUTCH FLAT AFTERBAY

Bear River

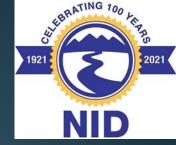
Height: 165 ft. Crest Elevation: 2,755.0 ft. Spillway: Ungated

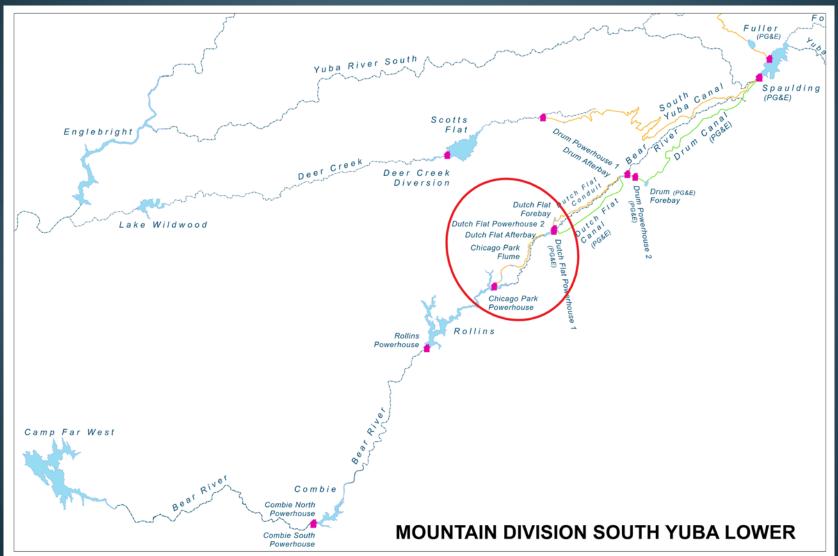
Dutch Flat Afterbay



- Instream Reservoir on Bear River
- Both Dutch Flat #1 & Dutch Flat #2 Powerhouses Discharge to Afterbay
- Constructed in 1964-65
- Storage Capacity 2,037 Acre Feet
- Maximum Elevation 2741 ft.
- Dutch Flat Afterbay Environmental Flow to Bear River
 - Current Requirements = 5-10 CFS depending on season
 - Post FERC License Renewal = 7-45 CFS depending on month and water year type
- Afterbay Provides the Diversion in Bear River for Chicago Park Conduit

SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM (LOWER)





CHICAGO PARK CONDUIT

Length: 7.2 mi (Concrete Flume/Gunite-Lined Ditch)

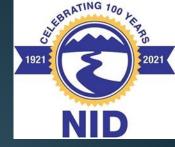
Capacity: 1,100 cfs Constructed: 1964-65

Bear River

Dutch Flat Afterbay

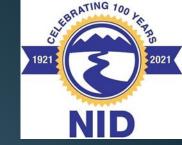
Chicago Park Flume





CHICAGO PARK FOREBAY

Storage: 117 ac-ft. Surface Area: 7 ac Shoreline Length: 0.7 mi. Normal Max Water Surface El.: 2,717.3 ft. Provides Storage and Head for Chicago Park Powerhouse



Chicago Park Powerhouse

- Off Steam Bear River Powerhouse
- Constructed in 1964-65
- Rated at 39 MW
- Power Generated Via Consumptive & Run of River Flows
- PPA with PG&E Through June 2033
- Discharges to Bear River Upstream of Rollins

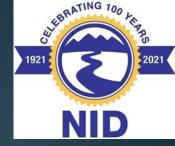
CHICAGO PARK POWERHOUSE Rated head: 480 ft Rated flow: 1,100 cfs

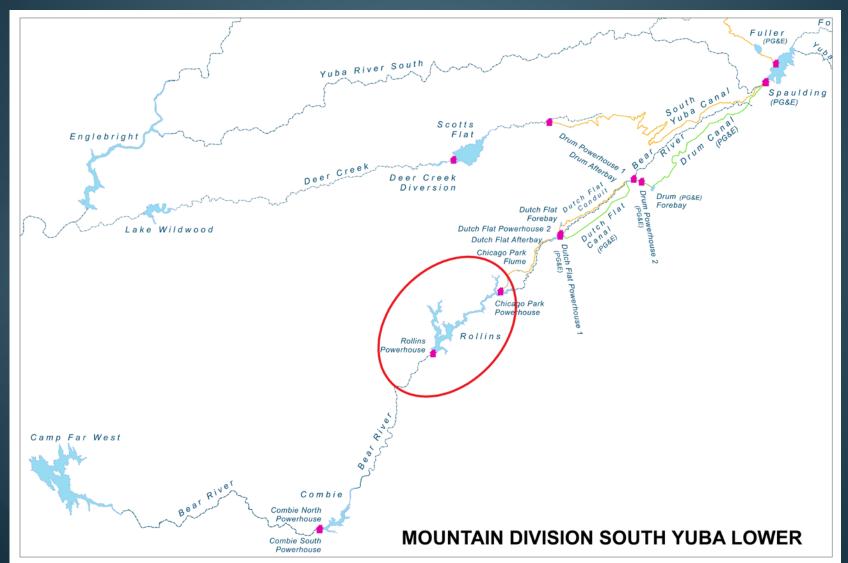
141

Begr River

Turbine type: Vertical Francis

SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM (LOWER)





ROLLINS DAM

Height: 252.5 ft Crest Elevation: 2,187.5 ft Spillway: Ungated Constructed: 1964-5

ROLLINS RESERVOIR

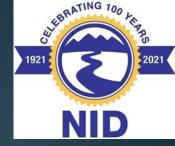
Storage: 65,988 ac-ft Surface Area: 825 ac Shoreline Length: 19 mi Normal Max Water Surface El.: 2,171.0 ft

<u>Spillway to</u> <u>Bear River</u>

Bear River

Rollins Reservoir

- Instream Bear River Reservoir
 - Includes Greenhorn and Steep Hollow Creeks
- Constructed in 1964-65
- Earthen Rock Fill Dam
- Maximum Capacity of 65,988 Acre Feet
- Typical Low Level = 40,000 Acre Feet
- Storage Water Rights include Consumptive and Non-Consumptive uses
 - Sources include the South Yuba River and Bear River
- Environmental Flow to Bear River
 - Current Required Flow = 15-75 Depending on Season and Water Year Type
 - Post FERC Relicense Renewal = 15-125 Depending on Month and Water Year Type
- Includes Four Campgrounds, Day Use and Boating
 - Greenhorn, Orchard Springs, Long Ravine, and Peninsula
 - Attract Roughly 120,000 Visitors Annually
- Discharges to Bear River & Rollins Powerhouse



Rollins Powerhouse

- Instream Bear River Powerhouse
- Constructed in 1979-80
- Rated at 12.15 MW
- Power Generated Via Consumptive & Environmental and Run of River Flows
 - PPA with PG&E Through June 2033

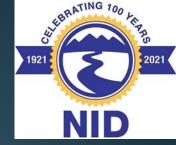
ROLLINS POWERHOUSE

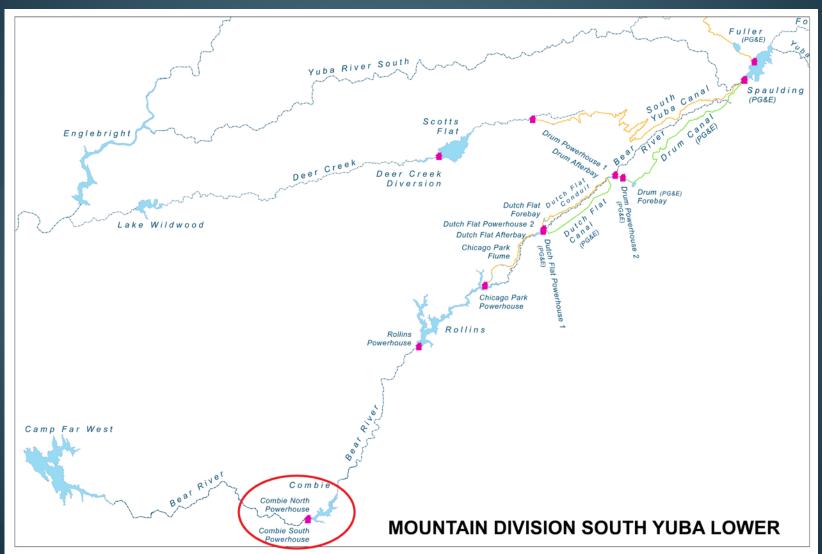
Rated head: 208 ft Rated flow: 840 cfs Turbine type: Vertical Francis

ROLLINS DAM OUTLET

Low Level Outlet: 60" Fixed Cone Valve (powerhouse bypass)

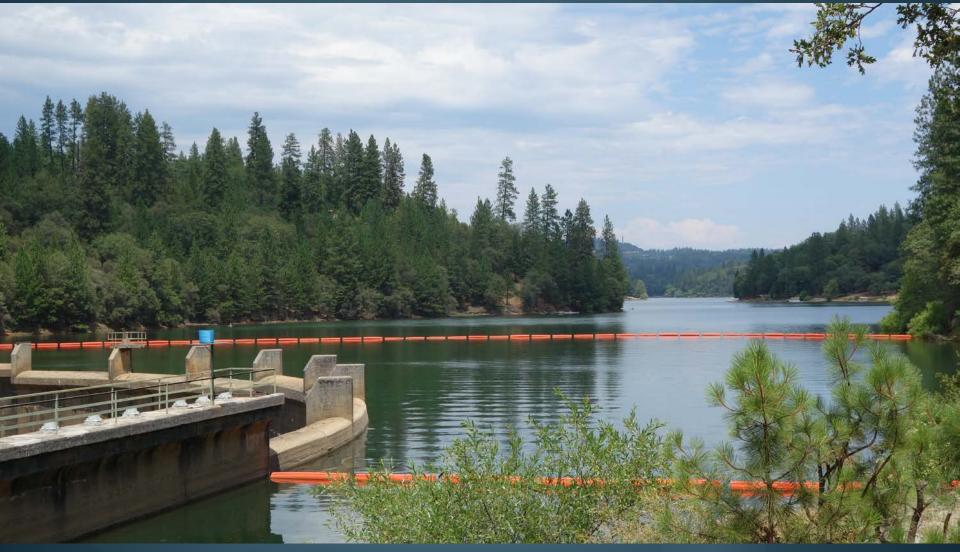
SOUTH YUBA RIVER SYSTEM (LOWER)

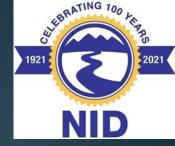




Combie Reservoir







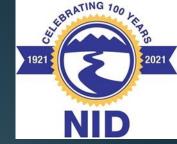
Combie Reservoir (Van Giesen Dam)

- Instream Bear River Reservoir
- Constructed in 1928
- Concrete Arch
- Maximum Capacity of 5,555 Acre Feet
- Typical Low Level = 3,000 Acre Feet
- Water Rights to Store 5,555 Acre Feet
- Environmental Flow to Bear River

► 5 cfs

- Discharges to Bear River & South Sutter Water District's Camp Far West Reservoir
- Recreation Includes Boating for Locals

Combie Powerhouses



COMBIE NORTH POWERHOUSE

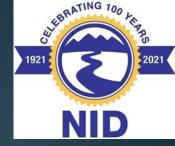
Rated head: 27 ft Rated flow: 180 cfs Turbine type: Vertical Kaplan



COMBIE SOUTH POWERHOUSE

Rated head: 65 ft Rated flow: 339 cfs Turbine type: Vertical Kaplan

Combie Powerhouses



Combie North

- Constructed in 2010
- Power Generated Via Consumptive and Run of River Flows
- PPA with PG&E Through October 5, 2024

Combie South

- Constructed in 1984
- Power Generated Via Run of River Flows
- PPA with City of Lodi via Norther California Power Agency Through December 31, 2023



THANKS FOR ATTENDING